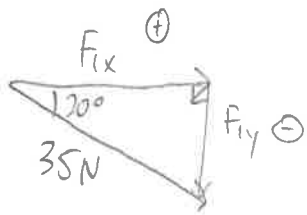
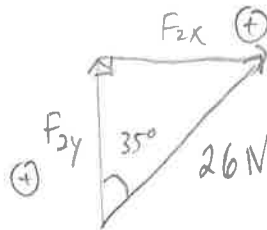


# VECTOR ADDITION PRACTICE

1. a)  $F_1$



$F_2$

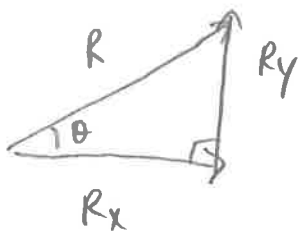


$$F_{1x} = (35\text{N}) \cos 20^\circ$$
$$F_{1y} = -(35\text{N}) \sin 20^\circ$$

$$F_{2x} = (26\text{N}) \sin 35^\circ$$
$$F_{2y} = (26\text{N}) \cos 35^\circ$$

$$R_x = F_{1x} + F_{2x}$$
$$= (35\text{N}) \cos 20^\circ + (26\text{N}) \sin 35^\circ = 47.8022\text{ N}$$

$$R_y = F_{1y} + F_{2y}$$
$$= -(35\text{N}) \sin 20^\circ + (26\text{N}) \cos 35^\circ = 9.327248\text{ N}$$

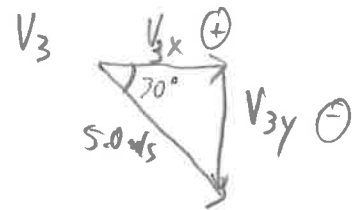
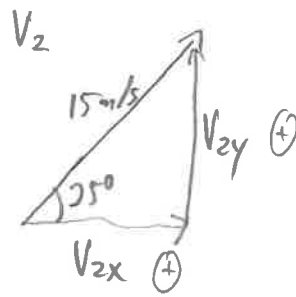
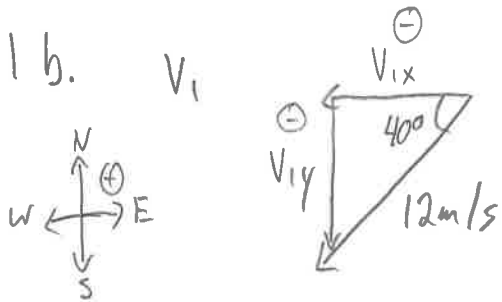


$$R = \sqrt{R_x^2 + R_y^2}$$
$$= \sqrt{(47.8022\text{N})^2 + (9.327248\text{N})^2}$$
$$= 48.7036\text{ N}$$
$$= 49\text{ N}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{R_y}{R_x}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{9.327248\text{N}}{47.8022\text{N}} \right) = 11.0409^\circ$$

$$R = 49\text{ N}, 11^\circ \text{ N of E}$$



$$R_x = V_{1x} + V_{2x} + V_{3x}$$

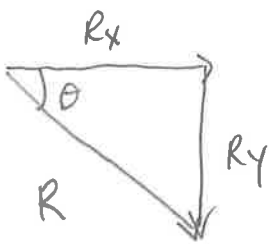
$$= -(12 \text{ m/s})(\cos 40^\circ) + (15 \text{ m/s})(\cos 25^\circ) + (5.0 \text{ m/s})(\cos 30^\circ)$$

$$= 8.7322 \dots \text{ m/s}$$

$$R_y = V_{1y} + V_{2y} + V_{3y}$$

$$= -(12 \text{ m/s})(\sin 40^\circ) + (15 \text{ m/s})(\sin 25^\circ) - (5.0 \text{ m/s})(\sin 30^\circ)$$

$$= -3.8741 \text{ m/s}$$



$$R = \sqrt{R_x^2 + R_y^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(8.7322 \text{ m/s})^2 + (-3.8741 \text{ m/s})^2}$$

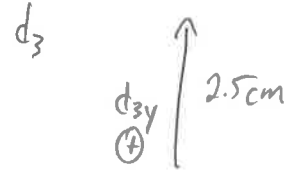
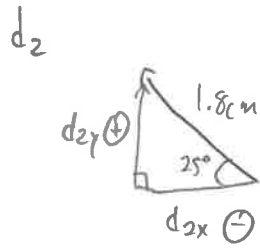
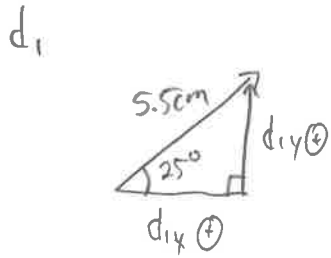
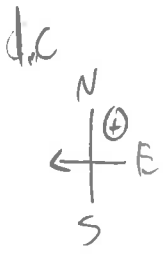
$$= 9.5530 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{R_y}{R_x}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{3.8741 \text{ m/s}}{8.7322 \text{ m/s}} \right)$$

$$= 23.9247^\circ$$

$R = 9.6 \text{ m/s}, 24^\circ \text{ S of E}$



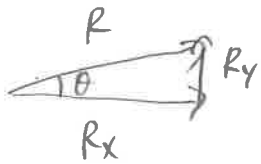
$$R_x = d_{1x} + d_{2x} - d_{3x}$$

$$= (5.5 \text{ cm})(\cos 25^\circ) - (1.8 \text{ cm})(\cos 25^\circ) - (0 \text{ cm})$$

$$= 3.3533 \text{ cm}$$

$$R_y = (5.5 \text{ cm})(\sin 25^\circ) + (1.8 \text{ cm})(\sin 25^\circ) - 2.5 \text{ cm}$$

$$= 0.5851 \text{ cm}$$



$$R = \sqrt{R_x^2 + R_y^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(3.3533 \text{ cm})^2 + (0.5851 \text{ cm})^2}$$

$$= 3.4039 \text{ cm}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{R_y}{R_x}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{0.5851 \text{ cm}}{3.3533 \text{ cm}} \right)$$

$$= 9.897^\circ$$

$$R = 3.4 \text{ cm}, 9.9^\circ \text{ N of E}$$

2.

$$V_i \rightarrow$$

40 m/s

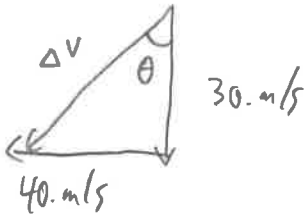
$$V_f \downarrow$$

30 m/s

$$t = 5.0 \text{ s}$$

$$a = \frac{\Delta V}{t}$$

$$\Delta V = V_f - V_i$$



$$\Delta V = \sqrt{(30 \text{ m/s})^2 + (40 \text{ m/s})^2}$$

$$= 50 \text{ m/s}$$

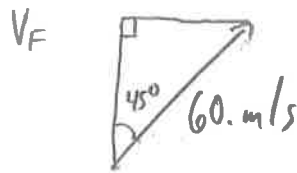
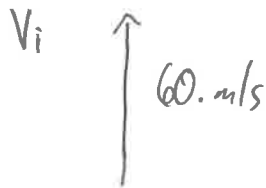
$$\tan \theta = \frac{V_i}{V_f}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{40 \text{ m/s}}{30 \text{ m/s}} \right) = 53.130^\circ$$

$$a = \frac{\Delta V}{t} = \frac{50 \text{ m/s}}{5.0 \text{ s}} = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$= \boxed{10 \text{ m/s}^2, 53^\circ \text{ W of S}}$$

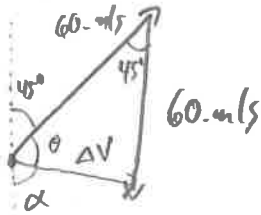
3.



$$t = 3.0 \text{ s}$$

$$a = \frac{\Delta V}{t}$$

$$\Delta V = V_F - V_i$$



$$\alpha = 180^\circ - 45^\circ - \theta$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta V &= \sqrt{V_F^2 + V_i^2 - 2V_F V_i \cos 45^\circ} \\ &= \sqrt{(60 \text{ m/s})^2 + (60 \text{ m/s})^2 - 2(60 \text{ m/s})(60 \text{ m/s}) \cos 45^\circ} \\ &= 45.92201 \text{ m/s} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sin 45^\circ}{45.92201} = \frac{\sin \theta}{60}$$

$$\theta = \sin^{-1} \left( \frac{60 \cdot \sin 45^\circ}{45.92201} \right)$$

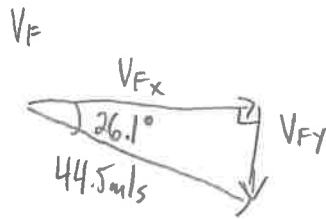
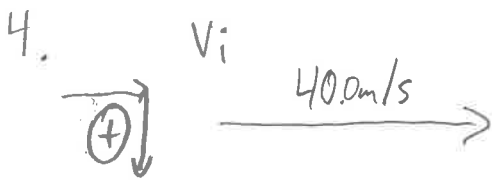
$$= 67.5$$

$$\alpha = 180^\circ - 45^\circ - 67.5^\circ = 67.5^\circ \text{ E of S}$$

$$a = \frac{\Delta V}{t} = \frac{45.92201 \text{ m/s}}{3.0 \text{ s}}$$

$$= 15.307 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$a = 15 \text{ m/s}^2, 68^\circ \text{ E of S}$$

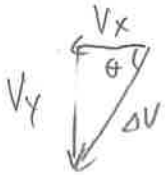


$$t = 2.0 \text{ s}$$

$$a = \frac{\Delta v}{t}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta v_x &= v_{Fx} - v_{ix} \\ &= (44.5 \text{ m/s})(\cos 26.1^\circ) - (40.0 \text{ m/s}) \\ &= -0.037772 \text{ m/s} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta v_y &= v_{Fy} - v_{iy} \\ &= (44.5 \text{ m/s})(\sin 26.1^\circ) \\ &= 19.5772 \text{ m/s} \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \Delta v &= \sqrt{v_x^2 + v_y^2} \\ &= \sqrt{(-0.037772 \text{ m/s})^2 + (19.5772 \text{ m/s})^2} \\ &= 19.5772 \text{ m/s} \end{aligned}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{v_y}{v_x}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{19.5772 \text{ m/s}}{0.037772 \text{ m/s}} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 89.889^\circ \text{ below the horizontal} \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{\text{Down}}} \\ &= 90^\circ \end{aligned}$$

$$a = \frac{\Delta v}{t} = \frac{19.5772 \text{ m/s}}{2.0 \text{ s}} = 9.7886 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$a = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \text{ down}$$

5.



$$\begin{aligned}\Delta v &= v_f - v_i \\ &= 50 \text{ m/s} - (-60 \text{ m/s}) \\ &= 110 \text{ m/s back}\end{aligned}$$

$$t = 0.30 \text{ s}$$

$$a = \frac{\Delta v}{t}$$

$$a = \frac{110 \text{ m/s back}}{0.3 \text{ s}}$$

$$= 366.6 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$= 367 \text{ m/s}^2 \text{ back}$$

6.

N  
+  
E  
S



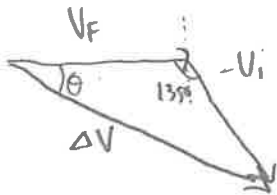
$$a = \frac{\Delta v}{t} \quad t = 4.0 \text{ s}$$

$$\Delta v = v_f - v_i$$

$$\Delta v = \sqrt{v_f^2 + v_i^2 - 2v_f v_i \cos 135^\circ}$$

$$= \sqrt{(50 \text{ km/h})^2 + (100 \text{ km/h})^2 - 2(50 \text{ km/h})(100 \text{ km/h}) \cos 135^\circ}$$

$$= 139.896 \text{ km/h} = 38.86 \text{ m/s}$$



$$\frac{\sin \theta}{100} = \frac{\sin 135^\circ}{139.896}$$

$$\theta = \sin^{-1} \left( \frac{100 \cdot \sin 135^\circ}{139.896} \right) = 30.361^\circ \text{ S of E}$$

$$a = \frac{38.86 \text{ m/s}}{4.0 \text{ s}} = 9.715 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$a = 9.7 \text{ m/s}^2, 30^\circ \text{ S of E}$$